STUDY MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM							
Name o Com	f the module/subject puter networks		Code 1010331541010334959				
Field of study			Profile of study (general academic, practica	Year /Semester I)			
Information Engineering			(brak)	2/4			
=			Polish	obligatory			
Cycle of	study:		Form of study (full-time,part-time)			
	First-cyc	cle studies	full-time				
No. of h	ours			No. of credits			
Lectur	e: 45 Classes	s: - Laboratory: 30	Project/seminars:	- 5			
Status o	of the course in the study	program (Basic, major, other)	(university-wide, from another	field) (brak)			
Educatio	on areas and fields of sci	ence and art		ECTS distribution (number			
				and %)			
techr	ical sciences			5 100%			
	Technical scie	ences		5 100%			
Responsible for subject / lecturer: dr inż. Andrzej Szwabe email: Andrzej Szwabe@put.poznan.pl tel. 61 665 3958 Wydział Elektryczny ul. Piotrowo 3A 60-965 Poznań Prerequisites in terms of knowledge, skills and social competencies: 1 Knowledge K_W02: Student has basic knowledge of physics, especially in such fields as mechanics, thermodynamics, optics, electricity, magnetism, nuclear physics, solid-state physics, including knowledge essential to understand physical phenomena in electronic circuits. K_W05: Student has organized knowledge with theoretical foundations of basic program constructions, algorithm implementations, paradigms and programming styles, software verification methods, formal languages, compilers, platforms. 2 Skills K_U01: Student is able to acquire information from literature, data bases and other sources; student is able to integrate acquired information, to interpret it, to draw conclusions and to formulate and justify judgments. K_U03: Student is able to create engineer work documentation and to prepare text with the work result discussion.							
3	Social	encoding, running and testing in K_K02: Student understands and computer engineer activity. Stud	programming languages. d is aware of the importance of ent understands the responsit	of nontechnical issues related to bility associated to his			
A		engineering decisions.		-			
The ma and the evalua REST (in part advanc API, er system multi-s Quality	ain objective of the con- e corresponding practi- te modern Application web services. The cou- icular in Internet) and ces in Web technologi- nabling the student to so (such as ERP and S ervice heterogeneous of Service (QoS) man- Study outco	urse is to provide the student with ical skills that one needs to acquire Programming Interfaces (APIs): V urse is aimed at presenting advance those regarded as the so-called F es, the scope of the course include understand the key technologies of SOA systems). The scope of the co- networks with a focus on dynamic magement techniques. mes and reference to the	the knowledge on transport- a e in order to be able to effectiv Veb APIs, SOAP-based web s ed computer network technol iuture Internet technologies. In es various aspects of the inter- enabling communication betwee pourse includes technologies en e routing protocols, fairness er educational results fo	and application-layer technologies vely design, implement and services, JSON Web APIs and ogies - those already widely used a correspondence to the recent dependence of HTTP and a Web een components of distributed nabling effective operation of nforcement frameworks and r a field of study			
Know	Knowledge:						
1. Student has organized knowledge with theoretical foundations of computer networks [K_W07]							

2. Student has organized knowledge with theoretical foundations of Internet technologies. - [K_W11]

3. Student has organized knowledge with theoretical foundations of teleinformatics, protocols and services in telecommunication networks. - [K_W15]

Skills:

1. Student is able to do critical analysis of computer hardware operations, operating system and computer networks. - $[K_U11]$

2. Student is able to carry out work with web sites and Internet services. - [K_U15]

Social competencies:

1. Student understands and is aware of the importance of nontechnical issues related to computer engineer activity. Student understands the responsibility associated to his engineering decisions. - [K_K02]

Assessment methods of study outcomes

Lecture: final exam (verifiacation of the knowledge acquired during lectures and evaluation of the web service design skills). Laboratory: exercises results assessment, reports assessment.

Course description

Lecture

The topics of the lecture include: active queuing management techniques for IP networks, Quality of Service (QoS) management techniques, fully dynamic routing (including Optimized Link-State Routing), network-layer resource optimization techniques (multi-path routing and its influence on QoS, Max Weight Scheduling technique, backpressure principle, IntServ and DiffServ models, RSVP protocol), effectiveness of transport-layer protocols (versions of TCP: Reno, Vegas, FAST, TCP delayed reordering technique), network resource optimisation from application-layer perspective (differences between file transmission and audiovisual streaming, TCP flow control vs UDP/RTP+RTCP flow control, adaptive streaming, applicationlayer flow control), various fairness models (reverse engineering of TCP utility, delay-aware Network Utility Maximization, multi-service fairness), interdependence of transport-layer and network-layer functions and protocols, cross-layer network functions and protocols optimisation, IP network operation stability, new types of wireless networks (wireless mesh networks, mobile ad-hoc networks (MANET), wireless multi-hop networks, heterogeneous networks, fully dynamic routing in wireless multi-hop networks), selected important research activities conducted in EU and USA in the area of Future Internet technologies, interdependence of transport-layer and application-layer protocols (in particular TCP and HTTP), application of different features of HTTP in modern Applicaton Programming Interfaces (APIs), various aspects of the relationship between HTTP and a Web API, SOAP-based web services, JSON Web APIs and REST web services, technologies and standards supporting resource modeling and building formal definitions of SOAP-based and RESTfull web services (including WSDL and OpenAPI), recent advances in technologies for web-based distributed systems (including ROA, microservices), similarities and differences between web services and Web APIs, web services and Web APIs as the key means for communication between components of distributed systems.

Teaching methods:

- Presentation of the theory with frequent references to relevant practical examples of software implementations,

- Lecture with multimedia presentation and presentations of Python programming language source code examples with their execution and rapid development/modification,

- Students being asked questions during the lectures in order to provoke discussions.

Laboratory

The topics of the laboratory exercises include: static routing in a multi-path network, dynamic routing - RIP and OSPF protocols, the impact of QoS parameters on effectiveness of TCP and flow control optimisation, text-based application-layer protocols, servers and clients (Telnet, FTP), HTTP protocol (Apache Web server setup, HTTP methods, status codes and headers, HTTP security (HTTPS), cookies, URL rewriting, virtual sessions), WSDL-based rapid development of SOAP-based web services, statefull and stateless SOAP-based web services (interdependence of SOAP and HTTP), RESTfull web services and JSON-based Web APIs.

Teaching methods:

- Individual work on the system (based on a script of the laboratory exercise),

- Work on configuration and experimentation in a network environment composed of multiple virtual machines,

- Work on open source tools and software components (including those developed in Poznan University of Technology research projects) made available to students to support their work,

At the end of each class an evaluation of the results made by the lecturer,
At the end of the semester preparation of the report on the implementation of all the laboratory tasks.

2017 update

A major modification of the whole course description and the bibliography has been made. In particular several new topics have been introduced, including: JSON Web APIs and REST web services, technologies and standards supporting resource modeling and building formal definitions of SOAP-based and RESTfull web services (OpenAPI), recent advances in technologies for web-based distributed systems (including ROA, microservices), similarities and defferences between web services and Web APIs, web services and Web APIs as the key means for communication between components of distributed systems.

Basic bibliography:

- 1. Sieci komputerowe i intersieci, D.E. Comer, Helion, Warszawa, 2012.
- 2. Sieci komputerowe, A. Tanenbaum, Helion, Gliwice, 2012.

Additional bibliography:

1. A. Szwabe and P. Misiorek. Integration of multi-path Optimized Link State Protocol with max-weight scheduling. In Proc. of IEEE International Conference on Information and Multimedia Technology (ICIMT 2009), number 458-462, Jeju Island, South Korea, 2009.

2. A. Szwabe, P. Misiorek, and P. Walkowiak, ?Delay-Aware NUM system for wireless multi-hop networks,? in European Wireless 2011 (EW2011), Vienna, Austria, Apr. 2011, pp. 530?537.

3. A. Szwabe, A. Schorr, F. J. Hauck, and A. J. Kassler, ?Dynamic multimedia stream adaptation and rate control for heterogeneous networks,? in Proc. 15th International Packet Video Workshop, (PV?06), vol. 7, no. 5, Hangzhou, China, May 2006, pp. 63?69.

Result of average student's workload

Activity	Time (working hours)
1. Lectures	45
2. Laboratory	30
3. Consultations and exam	10
4. Preparation for laboratory exectises	35
5. Laboratory reports preparation and exam preparation	30
Student's workload	

Source of workload	hours	ECTS		
Total workload	150	5		
Contact hours	75	3		
Practical activities	65	2		